

SUKHANOV, Vasiliiy Pavlovich; KLEYMENOVA, K.F., ved. red.; YAKOVLEVA,
Z.I., tekhn. red.

[Catalytic processes in petroleum refining] Kataliticheskie pro-
tssy v neftepererabotke. Moskva, Gostoptekhizdat, 1963. 271 p.
(MIRA 16:3)

(Catalysis) (Petroleum--Refining)

CHUVATOV, V.V.; BEREZIN, N.N.; METSGER, E.Kh.; NAGIN, V.A.; KARTASHOV, N.A., kand. tekhn. nauk, dots.; MIL'KOV, N.V., kand. tekhn. nauk; BYCHKOV, M.I., kand. tekhn.nauk, dots.; SUKHANOV, V.P., SHLYAPIN, V.A.; KORZHENKO, L.I.; ABRAMYCHEV, Ye.P.; KAZANTSEV, I.I.; YARES'KO, V.F.; LUKOYANOV, Yu.N.; DUDAROV, V.K.; BALINSKIY, R.P.; KOROTKOVSKIY, A.E.; PONOMAREV, I.I.; NOVOSEL'SKIY, S.A., kand. tekhn.nauk, dots.; IL'INYKH, N.Z.; TSITKIN, N.A.; ROGOZHIN, G.I.; PRAVOTOROV, B.A.; ORLOV, V.D.; RACHINSKIY, M.N.; KULTYSHEV, V.N.; SMAGIN, G.N.; KUZNETSOV, V.D.; MACHERET, I.G.; SHEGAL, A.V.; GALASHOV, F.K.; ANTIPIN, A.A.; SHALAKHIN, K.S.; RASCHNKTAYEV, I.M.; TISHCHENKO, Ye.I.; FOTIYEV, A.F.; IPPOLITOV, M.F.; DOROSINSKIY, G.P.; ROZHKOV, Ye.P.; RYUMIN, N.T.; AYZENBERG, S.L.; GOLUBTSOV, N.I.; VUS-VONSOVICH, I.K., inzh., retsenzent; GOLOVKIN, A.M., inzh., retsenzent; GUSELETOV, A.I., inzh., retsenzent; KALUGIN, N.I., inzh., retsenzent; KRAMINSKIY, I.S., inzh., retsenzent; MAYLE, O.Ya., inzh., retsenzent; OZERSKIY, S.M., inzh., retsenzent; SKOBLO, Ya.A., dots., retsenzent; SPERANSKIY, B.A., kand. tekhn. nauk, retsenzent; SHALAMOV, K.Ye., inzh., retsenzent; VOYNICH, N.F., inzh., red.; GETLING, Yu., red.; CHERNIKHOV, Ya., tekhn. red.

[Construction handbook] Spravochnik stroitelia. Red.kollegia: M.I. Bychkov i dr. Sverdlovsk, Sverdlovskoe knizhnoe izd-vo. Vol.1. 1962. 532 p. Vol.2. 1963. 462 p. (MIRA 16:5)
(Construction industry)

SUKHANOV, V.S.

Nitrate foam equipment for extinguishing fires. Bezop.truda v
prom. 9 no.445-46 4p '65. (MIRA 18:5)

1. Severodonetskaya pozharno-ispytatel'naya stantsiya.

SUKHANOV, V.V.; PETROCHENKOV, T.A.; SMIRNOV, G.N.; KONYAKHIN, Yu.Ya., inzh.;
MOROZOVA, T.A.; GORSHKOV, V.V.; YEROSHENKO, N.A.; SHCHERBINA, N.P.

Letters to the editor. Put' i put.khoz. 4 no.11:44-45 N '60.

(MIRA 13:12)

1. Dorozhnyy master, st. Syamba, Severnoy dorogi (for Sukhanov).
 2. Starshiy dorozhnyy master, st. Moskva-Kurskaya (for Petrochenkov).
 3. Dorozhnyy master 5-go okolojka, st. Khovrino, Oktyabr'skoy dorogi (for Smirnov).
 4. Putevaya rabochaya st. Peshetnikovo, Oktyabr'skoy dorogi (for Morozova).
 5. Starshiy putevoy rabochiy, st. Reshetnikovo, Oktyabr'skoy dorogi (for Gorshkov).
 6. Predsedatel' komissii partiynogo kontorlya po zhilishchno-bytovym voprosam, st. Aksakovo, Knybyshevskoy dorogi (for Yeroshenko).
 7. Inzhener distantsii, st. Nadezhdinsk-Sortirovochnyy, Sverdlovskoy dorogi (for Shcherbina).
- (Railroads)

SUKHANOV, Ya.

Driving nails into concrete. Izobr.1 rats. no.2:10-12 P '60.
(Concrete construction) (MIRA 13:8)

SUKHANOV, Ya. (g.Mezhdurechensk)

Water propelled combine. Izobr.i rats. no.2:20-23 F '61,
(MIRA 14:2)
(Kuznetsk Basin—Coal mining machinery)

SUKHANOV, Ya. (Krasnoyarskiy kray)

"Design office" on a bulldozer. Izobr. i rats. no. 5:14-16 My '61.
(MIRA 14:5)

(Krasnoyarsk Territory—Road construction)

GROMOVA, L.D.; SUKHANOV, Ya.B., red.; ZAYTSEVA, L.A., tekhn. red.

[Machine embroidery] Mashinnaya vyshivka. Moskva, Gos. izd-vo mestnoi promyshl. i khudozh. promyslov RSFSR, 1961. 29 p. illus. (MIRA 15:5)

1. Moscow. Nauchno-issledovatel'skiy institut khudozhestvennoy promyshlennosti.

(Embroidery (Machine))

SUKHANOV, Ya.Ya.; BONDARENKO, M., red.; ABBASOV, T., tekhnred.

[Best swine breeder in the Republic; practices of D.Sultanov from State Breeding Farm No.1 in Samarkand District, Samarkand Province] Luchshii svinovod respublikii; opyt raboty D.Sultanova iz plemsovkhoza No.1 Samarkandskogo raiona, Samarkandskoi oblasti. Tashkent, Gos.izd-vo Uzbekskoi SSR, 1960. 15 p.

(MIRA 14:3)

(Samarkand District--Swine)

SUKHANOV, Ye., starshiy prepodavatel'

Verifying the sensitivity module of radio directions finders on
the ship. Mor. flot 25 no.2:22 F '65. (MIRA 18:4)

1. Odesskoye vyssheye inzhenernoye morskoye uchilishche.

СУХАНОВ /Е. Л.

66186

~~24(6)~~ 24.5200

SOV/146-58-5-21/24

AUTHORS: Budrin, D.V., Candidate of Technical Sciences, Docent,
and Sukhanov, Ye.L., Aspirant

TITLE: Temperature Field in Archimedian Cylinders at Normal
Temperature

PERIODICAL: Izvestiya vysshikh uchebnykh zavedeniy - Priborostroy-
eniye, 1958, Nr 5, pp 153-160 (USSR)

ABSTRACT: At first the author gives practical advice, as to how
the shape of the heat receiver should be chosen to
facilitate the calculations. He recommends the shape
of the Archimedian cylinder, which is an intermediate
form between a ball and a cube. The calculation of
the temperature field of a short cylinder with any
given height and diameter can be based on the rule of
multiplying the temperature criterias. This rule was
found by Goldshteyn and later by D.V. Budrin, B.A.
Krasovskiy, and A.B. Lykov. G.M. Kondrat'yev and his
school also did research in problems, connected with
this question. The formulae 1-3 serve to calculate the
temperatures in the Archimedian cylinder during the

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4

BUDRIN, D.V., dots., kand.tekhn.nauk; SUKHANOV, Ya.L., inzh.

Determining the coefficient of heat transfer in heating metals
in fused salts. Izv.vys. ucheb.zav.; chern.met. no.9:51-62
S '58. (MIRA 11:11)

1. Ural'skiy politekhnicheskiy institut.
(Heat--Transmission)

SUKHANOV, Ye. L, Candidate Tech Sci (diss) -- "Investigation of heat exchange in heating and cooling metal in liquid media". Sverdlovsk, 1959. 17 pp (Min Higher Educ USSR, Ural Polytech Inst im S. M. Kirov), 150 copies (KL, No 24, 1959, 141)

06389

24(8)

SOV/170-59-2-7/23

AUTHORS: Budrin, D.V., Sukhanov, Ye.L.

TITLE: Coefficients for Calculating Heating and Cooling of Simple-Shaped Bodies

PERIODICAL: Inzhenerno-fizicheskiy zhurnal, 1959, Nr 2, pp 53-62 (USSR)

ABSTRACT: The calculating methods of the theory of regular thermal behavior [Refs 2,3], based on a simplified solution of the differential equation of heat conductivity under boundary conditions of the third kind, have been widely applied for solution of various thermal and diffusion problems. The solution of the equation of heat conductivity for bodies of simple regular shape, given by Formula 1 in the text, contains some coefficients depending on the Biot criterion (Bi), relative coordinates of a point under consideration in the body, and the shape of the body. The authors calculated the values of these coefficients for the cases of a plate and a long cylinder, some of them by the formulas of A.V. Lykov [Ref 7], on an electric keyboard computer with an accuracy of the fifth decimal digit. These values, rounded off to the fourth decimal, are presented in Tables 1 and 2 for both cases respectively for various values of Bi ranging from 0.1 to 100 and ∞ . These tables contain also coefficients for calculating the temper-

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18(5)

AUTHORS: Budrin, D. V., Sukhanov, Ye. L.

SOV/163-59-2-18/48

TITLE: Determination of the Coefficients of Thermal Conductivity of Steels During Heating in Melted Salts (Opredeleniye koeffitsiyentov teploprovodnosti staley pri nagreve v rasplavlennykh solyakh)

PERIODICAL: Nauchnyye doklady vysshey shkoly. Metallurgiya, 1959, Nr 2, pp 94 - 102 (USSR)

ABSTRACT: The method suggested is based on the presuppositions of the theory of the regular heat state, i.e. on the assumption of the constancy of thermal properties of the cooled and heated body, the surrounding temperature and the coefficient of heat transmission. For work within a large temperature range, the latter must be subdivided into several intervals for which these presuppositions may be assumed. The method suggested was worked out for samples in the form of an Archimedean cylinder (diameter = height), as it is shown in figure 1. The dependence $Bi = \varphi(\vartheta^2)$ (Bi = Biot's criterion, ϑ^2 = criterion of the heating and cooling of a body in the form of an Archimedean cylinder) is used as a basis. The following equation system is derived:

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Determination of the Coefficients of Thermal Conductivity SOV/163-59-2-18/48
of Steels During Heating in Melted Salts

$$Bi = \varphi\left(\frac{A}{\lambda_t}\right) \text{ and } Bi = \frac{A}{3\psi_{inc}\lambda_t} . (\lambda_t = \text{heat conductivity at the}$$

temperature t , ψ_{inc} = the criterion of the inconstancy of the temperature field experimentally determined by measuring the temperature in the center of the body and on the periphery.

$A = mc_t \tau R^2$, m representing the rate of heating or cooling (dimension h^{-1}); c_t = mean heat capacity; τ = density of the material).

The two unknowns λ_t and Bi can be determined graphically (Fig 3) or by consecutive approximation. The determination of the function φ is indicated by polynomials. A table indicates the values for the auxiliary criterion ψ_{pc}

$$(\psi_{pc} = \frac{t_m - t_p}{t_m - t_c} , t_m \text{ representing the temperature of the medium, } t_p \text{ the temperature on the periphery of the body, and } t_c \text{ the temperature in the center of the body) as well as for } \varphi^2, Bi,$$

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Determination of the Coefficients of Thermal Conductivity SOV/163-59-2-18/48
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and other factors. The experiments were made in 1957 in the laboratory of the Kafedra gazopechnoy teplotekhniki UPI (Chair of Gas Furnace Heat Engineering of the UPI). Figure 2 shows the heating curves of two steel samples in melted salt (44% NaCl + 56% KCl). Table 2 indicates the computation of the conductivity of steel 10 by the two-point method at a mean temperature of 669.5°C. Figure 4 shows the temperature dependence of the coefficients of heat conductivity of steel 10 and steel 2Kh13, and proves the agreement of the values with those found by the static method of radial heat current at the Kafedra fiziki UPI (Chair of Physics at the UPI). The two-point method suggested is time-saving; the use of salt melts prevents the oxidation of the steel samples, and also permits the determination of the heat conductivity coefficients at a high temperature (in barium chloride melts at 1200 - 1250°C). There are 4 figures, 2 tables, and 10 references, 8 of which are Soviet.

ASSOCIATION: Ural'skiy politekhnicheskii institut (Ural Polytechnic Institute)

SUBMITTED: May 23, 1958
Card 3/3

FIALKO, Grigoriy Mironovich; SUKHANOV, Ye.L., kand. tekhn. nauk, retsen-
zent; DUGINA, N.A., tekhn. red.

[Automation of equipment for the manufacture of sulfuric acid]
Avtomatizatsiia oborudovaniia dlia proizvodstva sernoi kisloty.
Moskva, Gos. nauchno-tekhn. izd-vo mashinostroit. lit-ry, 1961.
294 p. (MIRA 14:10)

(Sulfuric acid)

(Automation)

S/146/61/004/003/011/013
D.17/D301

AUTHORS: Budrin, D.V., and Sukhanov, Ye.L.

TITLE: Determining the coefficient of thermal conductivity of steel at high temperature by the two points method

PERIODICAL: Izvestiya vysshikh uchebnykh zavedeniy. Priborostroyeniye, v. 4, no. 3, 1961, 130 - 134

TEXT: In order to satisfy the Ural steel factories, methods of evaluating thermo-physical characteristics are developed in this article. For specimens at the stage of Archimedes' cylinders (diameters = height) a two points method is worked out. The theory that in the regular thermal state, the temperature t_D of point D at the middle height is nearly equal to the mean temperature t_M at the center of the specimen, was discussed by the authors previously. They also discovered the possibility of automatic temperature measurement applied to the operation series overcoming the limitations —

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Determining the coefficient of ...

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of G.M. Kondrat'yev's method. The criterion of Kondrat'yev's method for a cylinder is then introduced

$$\psi_{DC}^2 = \psi_{DC}^2 \quad (1)$$

where

$$\psi_{DC} = \frac{t_{amb} - t_D}{t_{amb} - t_C} \quad (2)$$

is the criterion of thermal field irregularity of the cylinder between points D and C. The conductivity is evaluated from the formula

$$\alpha = \frac{m \cdot R^2}{2} \cdot \frac{1}{m^2}, \text{hr} \quad (3)$$

where R -- radius of the specimen, m --

$$m = \frac{8289 \cdot 10^3 \cdot \frac{t_{amb} - t_D}{t_{amb} - t_C}}{t_{amb} - t_D} \quad (4)$$

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τ' and τ'' - times of beginning and end of the interval, t_D' and t_D'' temperatures at D at these times, t_{amb} - ambient temperature. The values of a were related to the time

$$t_M \approx \frac{1}{2} (t_D' + t_D''). \quad (5)$$

Those parts of the curves, where $|t_D - t_C| \geq 10^\circ\text{C}$, were examined. The temperature was 200°C at the start. Hot liquids intensified the heat exchange. Melted lead was not used because of its noxiousness. The region of phase transformations $720^\circ - 850^\circ\text{C}$ for the mixture NaCl and KCl was examined. Archimedes' cylinders with radii 60 - 90 mm were used with two holes drilled to the points D and C. Chromel-alumel thermocouples were welded and the temperatures recorded. From these the values t_M and ψ_{DC} and ρ^2 were evaluated, and finally conductivity a . The graph (Fig. 2) shows that this method gives results with a tolerance of 10 %. The error is mainly due to the quality of the thermocouple welding. The preparation of

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Determining the coefficient of ...

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D217/D301

the specimen is the most complicated part of the method. There are 2 figures and 4 Soviet-bloc references.

ASSOCIATION: Ural'skiy politekhnicheskiy institut im. S.M. Kirova
(Ural Polytechnic Institute im. S.M. Kirov)

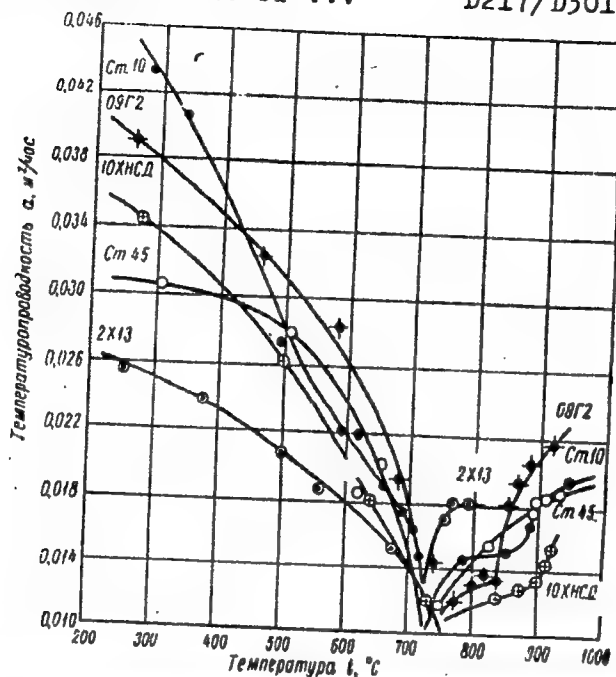
SUBMITTED: December 13, 1960

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Determining the coefficient of ...

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D217/D301

Fig. 2.



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S/146/61/004/004/013/015

D201/D306

AUTHORS: Sukhanov, Ye. L., and Kuprovskiy, B. B.

TITLE: Comparison of stationary and non-stationary methods of determining thermal conductivity of nickel-chromium alloys

PERIODICAL: Izvestiya vysshikh uchebnykh zavedeniy. Priborostroyeniye, v. 4, no. 4, 1961, 98 - 100

TEXT: In order to determine the usefulness of regular heat regime methods for determining the thermal properties of metals at high temperatures, the authors compare two basic methods of analysis: Stationary and non-stationary methods. Both methods were used to investigate the chromium stainless steel 2X13 (2Kh13) and nichrome type X20H80 (Kh20N80). The chemical composition of the two alloys is given. The thermal conductivity λ of the investigated alloys was determined by the absolute method of radial thermal flux in a thick walled cylinder at the laboratories of the Department of Physics of the Polytechnic Institute, Uralsk. The experimental arrangements and methods are described by B. B. Kuprovskiy and P. V. Gel'd (Ref. 1).
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S/146/61/004/004/013/015
D201/D306

Comparison of stationary and non-statio--..

Sbornik izd. AN SSSR, 1957). All samples were prepared in the forms of 68 mm dia. discs. Two of them had a height of 25 mm, 8 thermal insulation discs (each 10 mm high) were placed on each side of the disc under investigation. The samples were heated by platinum heating elements, placed centrally in the disc in an aperture of 12 mm dia. The discs had also 4 apertures (4 mm dia.) for the thermocouples. The measurements were carried out between 100 and 900°C (one arrangement between 100-500°C, the other 500-900°C). The greatest possible relative error in determining λ by the stationary method did not exceed 7 %. The two-point method of D.V. Budrin and E.L. Sukhanov (Ref. 2: Metallurgiya, 1959, no. 2) was used to evaluate the temperature conductivity α of the analyzed alloys. Results obtained by the two methods were compared by comparing the values of thermal conductivity. For the non-stationary method the latter was determined from $\lambda = \alpha \gamma_{20}^{\circ}\text{C}$. The density at 20°C γ_{20} and the true specific thermal capacity c were determined by experiment. The results obtained by the two methods are in good agreement with each other (deviations of the measured values from the averaging curves did not exceed 7 %), so that both methods may be recommended for

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S/196/62/000/001/005/013
E194/E155

AUTHORS: Sukhanov, Ye.L., and Serebrennikov, N.N.

TITLE: The heat content and specific heat of nichrome and carbon- and alloy-steels

PERIODICAL: Referativnyy zhurnal, Elektrotehnika i energetika, no.1, 1962, 6, abstract 1B 36. (Tr. Ural'skogo politekhn. in-ta, 114, 1961, 81-85)

TEXT: A study was made of the thermal properties of the alloys shown in the table. The true specific heat of steel 10 increases smoothly up to a temperature of 700 °C; at temperatures above 900 °C it is 0.155 cal/g.degree and does not alter on further increasing the temperature. The specific heat curve of steel 2 X 13 (2Kh13) displays two sharp peaks; at temperatures above 900 °C the specific heat is 0.157 cal/g.degree and remains constant. No appreciable change was observed in the specific heat of specimens of this steel when they were heated and cooled. Comparison of the results indicates that thermal effects of the magnetic transformations of steel 10 and 2Kh13 are about the same. The true specific heat of nichrome changes smoothly, and this

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The heat content and specific heat...

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confirms the absence of transformations associated with heating and cooling this alloy on changing the temperature from 0 to 1200 °C.
4 literature references.

[Abstractor's note: Complete translation.]

Table

Alloy	Analysis, % (remainder Fe)							
	C	Si	Mn	Cr	Ni	Ti	S	P
Carbon steel 10	0.12	0.02	0.47	-	0.24	-	0.009	0.002
Nickel stainless steel 2Kh13	0.18	0.35	0.28	13.57	0.24	0.004	0.013	0.023
Nichrome X 20N80 (Kh20N80)	0.14	0.29	0.70	21.60	76.33	-	0.012	0.016

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S/196/62/000/002/015/023
E194/E155

18.1235

AUTHORS: Sukhanov, Ye.L., and Kuprovskiy, B B.

TITLE: The thermal conductivity and temperature conductivity of chrome-nickel alloys

PERIODICAL: Referativnyy zhurnal, Elektrotehnika i energetika no.2, 1962, 5, abstract 2G 40. (Tr. Ural'skogo politekhn. in-ta, v.114, 1961, 86-89).

TEXT: The thermal conductivity λ of stainless steel 2 X13 (2Kh13) and 18 X 18N9T (1Kh18N9T) and also of nichrome was investigated in the temperature range 10-900 °C by the radial heat-flux method in a thick-walled cylinder and by the regular conditions method. The relationship between the thermal conductivity of steel 2Kh13 and temperature was found and practically coincides with a published value. The value of the temperature conductivity a of the alloys is calculated from experimental results and published data using the formula:

$$a = \lambda / (c_p \cdot d_{20})$$

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X

LEBEDEV, Nikolay Sergeyevich; TELEGIN, Aleksandr Serenovich, dots.,
kand. tekhn. nauk. Prinimali uchastiye: SOKOLOV, K.N., dots.,
kand. tekhn. nauk; SUKHANOV, Ye.L., dots., kand. tekhn. nauk;
LYTKIN, V.I., inzh., retsenzent; DUGINA, N.A., tekhn. red.

[Heating furnaces] Nagrevatel'nye pechi. Moskva, Mashgiz, 1962.
344 p. (MIRA 15:12)

(Furnaces, Heating)

SUKHANOV, Ye.L.; SEREBRENNIKOV, N.N.

Heat capacity and heat content of nichrome, carbon and alloyed steel. Trudy Ural.politekh.inst. no.14:81-85 '61.

(MIRA 16:6)

(Nickel-chromium alloys--Thermal properties)

(Steel alloys--Thermal properties)

SUKHAMOV, Ye. L.; KUPROVSKIY, B. B.

Heat conductivity and temperature diffusivity of chromium-nickel alloys. Trudy Ural. politekh. inst. no. 14:86-89 '61.

(MIRA 16:6)

(Chromium-nickel alloys--thermal properties)

BUDRIN, D.V.; SUKHANOV, Ye.L.; SHILOV, V.I.

Heating and cooling specimens of titanium and its alloys. Titan i ego
splavy no.10:332-338 '63. (MIRA 17:1)

VOL'BERG, A.A.; SUKHANOV, Ye.I.; BELYAYEV, A.I.

Structure and thermophysical properties of the crust on the lining of
electrolytic aluminum cells. Izv. AN SSSR. Met. i gor. dalo no. 5:45-56
S-0 '64. (MIRA 18:1)

KUTAYEV, B.I.; YADOSHENKO, Yu.G.; LAZAREV, P.L.; SUKHANOV, Ye.L.

Quantitative estimate of heat conditions at a blast furnace
top. Izv. vys. ucheb. zav.; Chern. met. 8 no.10:31-36 '65.

(MIRA 18:9)

L. Ural'skiy politekhnicheskiy institut.

MAKSIMOVA, G.A.; SUKHANOV, Ye.M.

Controlling the operation of spinning pumps. Khim.volok.
no.4:65-66 '59. (MIRA 13:2)

1. Krasnoyarskiy zavod.
(Spinning machinery)

LITVIN, N.M., inzh.; ZANEVSKIY, E.S., inzh.; SUKHANOV, Ye.Ye., inzh.

Contactless relay system for establishing the performance of excavators.
Izv.vys.ucheb.zav.; gor.zhur. 7 no.9:164-167 '64.

(MIRA 18:1)

I. Parnskiy politekhnicheskii institut. Rekomendovana nauchno-issledovatel'skim sektorom.

OSIPOV, K.D.; PASYNKOV, V.V.; REMEZ, G.A., red.; SUKHANOV, Yu.I., red.;
SMUROV, B.V., tekhn.red.

[Handbook on radio measuring devices] Spravochnik po radio-
izmeritel'nym priboram. Pod red. G.A.Remeza. Moskva, Izd-vo
"Sovetskoe radio." Pt.4. [Special measuring devices and current
sources] Spetsial'nye izmeritel'nye pribory i istochniki pita-
niia. 1959. 152 p. (MIRA 13:5)
(Radio measurements) (Radar)

IL'INSKIY, V.S.; SUKHANOV, Yu.I., red.; SVESHNIKOV, A.A., tekhn.red.

[Vibration and shock isolation] Voprosy izolyatsii vibratsii
i udarov. Moskva, Izd-vo "Sovetskoe radio," 1960. 158 p.
(MIRA 13:5)

(Vibration)

VOLIN, Mikhail Lazarevich; SALOV, V.S., retsenzent; SUKHANOV, Yu.I.,
red.; SVESHNIKOV, A.A., tekhn.red.

[Stray inductions and couplings] Parazitnye sviazi i navodki.
Moskva, Izd-vo "Sovetskoe radio," 1960. 199 p.

(MIRA 13:11)

(Shielding (Electricity))

(Radio--Interference)

OSIPOV, Konstantin Dmitriyevich; PASYNKOV, Vsevolod Vladimirovich; KOCHET-
KOVA, N.A., red.; SUKHANOV, Yu.I., red.; SMUROV, B.V., tekhn. red.

[Handbook on radio measurement devices] Spravochnik po radioizmeri-
tel'nym priboram. Pod red. G.A.Remeza. Moskva, Izd-vo "Sovetskoe
radio." Part 2. [Frequency measuring devices and instrument oscil-
lators] Pribory dlia izmereniia chastoty i izmeritel'nye generatory.
1960. 203 p. (MIRA 14:6)

(Radio measurements)

MORUGIN, L.A. Primal uchastiye LEZIN, Yu.S.; ITSKHOKI, Ya.S., prof.,
doktor tekhn. nauk, retsenzent; KRIZE, S.N., prof., doktor tekhn.
nauk, retsenzent; SUKHANOV, Yu.I., red.; SEUROV, B.V., tekhn. red.

[Pulse systems with delayed feedback] Impul'snye ustroistva s za-
pazdyvaiushchei obratnoi svyaz'iu. Moskva, Izd-vo "Sovetskoe radio,"
1961. 207 p. (MIRA 14:12)
(Pulse techniques (Electronics)) (Delay lines)

GUSEV, Vladimir Petrovich. Prinimali uchastiye: SAKHAROV, M.A.; OBICHKIN, Yu.G.; FOMIN, A.V.; SEMIKOV, G.A.; NAZAROV, A.S.; ANDREYEVSKIY, M.N., retsenzent; KUNYAVSKIY, G.M., retsenzent; BLINNIKOV, I.V., retsenzent; BEREZNITSKIY, V.S., red.; SUKHANOV, Yu.I., red.; SVESHNIKOV, A.A., tekhn. red.

[Technology of the manufacture of radio electronic equipment] Tekhnologiya proizvodstva radioelektronnoi apparatury. Moskva, Izd-vo "Sovetskoe radio," 1961. 387 p. (MIRA 14:9)
(Radio—Equipment and supplies)

KRIVITSKIY, B.Kh.; OVCHINNIKOV, N.I., red.; SUKHANOV, Yu.I., red.; SVESH-
NIKOV, A.A., tekhn. red.

[Elements and equipment for engineering] Elementy i ustroistva im-
pul'snoi tekhniki. Izd.2., dop. i perer. Moskva, Izd-vo "Sovet-
skoe radio," 1961. 541 p. (MIRA 14:8)
(Pulse techniques(Electronics))

BYCHKOV, S.I., doktor tekhn. nauk; VURENIN, N.I.; SAFAROV, R.T.;
SUKHANOV, Yu.I., red.; SMUROV, B.V., tekhn. red.

[Frequency stabilization of UHF generators] Stabilizatsiia cha-
stoty generatorov SVCh. Moskva, Izd-vo "Sovetskoe radio,"
1962. 375 p. (MIRA 15:2)
(Oscillators, Electric) (Microwaves)

OSIPOVSKIY, A.I.; AFANAS'YEV, Yu.I.; PAUPER, A.I.; SUKHANOV, Yu.S.

Developmental anomalies and malformations of the central
nervous system in the offspring of gamma-irradiated animals.
Radiobiologiya 3 no.188-92 '63. (MIRA 16:2)

1. I-y Moskovskiy ordena Lenina meditsinskiy institut.
(GAMMA RAYS--PHYSIOLOGICAL EFFECT) (BRAIN)

CHIKHIN, Ye.S.; BLAGOMIROV, B.I.; FRANKOVSKIY, Ye.B.; KISHCHENKO, G.K.

Interrelation of melting parameters in high capacity cupolas.
Lit. proizv. no.1:15-17 Ja '65. (MIRA 18:3)

OSIPOVSKIY, A.I., doktor biol.nauk; AFANAS'YEV, Yu.I.; PAUPER, A.I.;
SUKHANOV, Yu.S.

Genetic aspects of the development of the central nervous
system in gamma irradiated animals. Trudy 1-go MMI 41:111-
117 '65. (MIRA 18:12)

BUKHANOV, Z.P.

"Basic Principles of Power Technology,"
paper submitted for the 1st National Congress, Czechoslovak Scientific Technical
Society for Heat Utilization. Karlovy Vary. Czechoslovakia, 12-17 May 58.

SUKHANOVA, A.; LYSYY, A., redaktor; KHMEL'NITSKAYA, A.; KIRSANOVA, N., tekhnicheskly redaktor.

[Our trade-union group] Nasha profgruppa. [Moskva] Izd-vo VTsSPS Prof-izdat, 1954. 48 p. (MLRA 8:1)

1. Profgruppa pryadil'no-tkatskoy fabriki imeni Lakina, Vladimirovskoy oblasti (for Sukhanova)
(Trade unions) (Textile workers)

SUKHANOVA, A.I.

Humble workers. Med. sestra 22.no.4:61-62 Ap '63. (MIRA 16:7)

1. Predsedatel' Soveta meditsinskikh sester.
(SKRITSKAIA, ELENA FEDOROVNA)
(KOBYSHEVA, MARIIA PANTELEEVNA)

KIREY, P.I. (stantsiya Moskalenki); KONDAYOV, M.P., insh. (Novosibirsk);
SHAKHBAIAYEV, M.A., dorozhnyy master; OBOLONSKIY, N.P., insh.;
BARTASH, V.V.; SUKHANOVA, A.M., tekhnik (stantsiya Belev);
STAROVOYTENKO, S.P.

Letters to the editor. Put' i put. khoz. m.6:42-44 Je '58.

(MIRA 11:6)

1. Nachal'nik putevoy mashinnoy stantsii No.22 (for Kirey).
2. Stantsiya Zenzeli Ordzhonikidzevskoy dorogi (for Shakhbalayev).
3. Stantsiya Loyga Pechorskoy dorogi (for Obolonskiy).
4. Nachal'nik izyskatel'skoy partii, stantsiya Yasinovataya (for Bartash).
5. Belevskaya distantziya Moskovsko-Kiyevskoy dorogi (for Sukhanova).
6. Zamestitel' nachal'nika sluzhby puti Yugo-Vostochnoy dorogi, Voronezh (for Starovoytenko).

(Railroads—Maintenance and repair)

AFETR/ASD(a)-5/
S/0139/64/000/005/0176/0178

AF4047266

8

TITLE: Temperature distribution over the cross section of an arc

SOURCE: IVUZ. Fizika, no. 5, 1964, 176-178

TOPIC TAGS: arc discharge, temperature distribution, thermal conductivity, electric conductivity, spectrum line. gold ✓1

ABSTRACT: This is a continuation of early work by the authors (paper at IV Ural Conference, Sverdlovsk, 1963, in press; Izv. vuzov SSSR, Fizika No. 5, 156, 1963) in which it was shown that the temperature distribution over the cross section of a low-current carbon arc is

and electric conductivity of the arc is determined experimentally.

Card 1/3

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ACCESSION NR: AP404066

3

... for a discharge in Ar + N₂ mixtures
... of 600 mm Hg and a
... ensuring a
linear temperature distribution. The calculated and experimental
results are shown in Figs. 1 and 2 of the enclosure, and it was
found that discharge in a mixture with 95% Ar + 4% N₂ has a linear
distribution T(r) in the current conducting zone. The discharge was
used to determine the transition probabilities of atomic lines suit-
able for the determination of concentrations in spectra of Fe, Mn, Cd, Co,
... and

... Fizmattehnicheskii institut pri Tomskom
... fizicotechnical

ACCESSION NR: AP1047366

SUBMITTED: 08/15/62

SUB CODE: EM,TD

NR REF SOV: 003

ENCL: 02

OTHER: 002

Card 3/5

ACCESSION NR: AF4047366

ENCLOSURE: 01

Fig. 1. Variation of thermal conductivity with
temperature for the following
materials: 1. Aluminum; 2. Copper;
3. Steel; 4. Titanium; 5. Inconel.

Card 4/5

ACCESSION NR: AP4047366

ENCLOSURE: 02

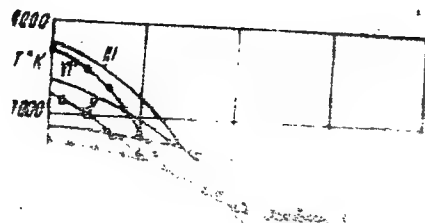


Fig. 2. Temperature distribution over the cross section of a carbon arc in an argon-neon mixture. Theoretical $T(r)$ plot for the following mixtures: 1) 10% argon, 90% neon; 2) 20% argon, 80% neon; 3) 30% argon, 70% neon; 4) 40% argon, 60% neon; 5) 50% argon, 50% neon.

USSR / Pharmacology, Toxicology. Analeptics.

V

Abs Jour: Ref Zhur-Biol., No 18, 1958, 85128.

Author : Temper, B. A., Sukhanova, G. I.

Inst : Not given.

Title : The Use of Ginseng in Hypoacidic and Anacidic Forms of Chronic Gastritis.

Orig Pub: In the collection, Materialy k izuch. zhen'shenya i limonnika, No 3, Leningrad, 1958, 100-103.

Abstract: 40 patients aged 20-50 years and over were studied for the influence of a liquid extract of the ginseng root (G) on the course of chronic gastritis. G was given in doses of 10-20 drops 2-3 times a day. A course of therapy lasted an average of 20 days. In chronic hypo- and anacidic gastritis, G facilitated elimination of pain, increase in appetite, and normalization of the stool. Less con-

Card 1/2

SUKHANOVA, G.I.

Late results of the treatment of lamblasis. Trudy Khab.med.inst.
no.20:64-68 '60. (MIRA 15:10)

1. Iz kafedry gosptal'noy terapii (zav. prof. B.A.Temper)
Khabarovskogo meditsinskogo instituta.
(GIARDIASIS)

1100

... of compounds of the rare earth
... nitrate sulfate

... soluble in water carbonate, ... earth element with

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 07/13/2001

CIA-RDP86-00513R001653810009-8

3.3

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 07/13/2001

CIA-RDP86-00513R001653810009-8"

Proizvodstvo khimicheskikh reaktivov i osobo chistykh veshchestv (industry of chemical reagents and extra pure substances); informatsionnyy byulleten',

Simple and yields high-purity (99.99%) products of cesium nitrate and sulfate are presented. For the removal of alkali metal impurities from cesium salts, the method of multiple recrystallization of cesium nitrate has been introduced. This method is the simplest and yields very pure cesium salts with an

alkali metal content of less than 0.001-0.002%. The separation of the LS-KO and
K₂CO₃ is very difficult because of the small difference in the radii of the

LS-KO and K₂CO₃

SUKHANOVA, I.N.

Phytoplankton of the northeastern part of the Indian Ocean
during the southwestern monsoon. Trudy Inst. okean. 65:
24-31 '64. (MIRA 18:8)

SUKHANOVA, I.N.

Specific composition and distribution of phytoplankton in the northern
part on the Indian Ocean. Trudy Inst. okean 58:27-39 '62.

(MIRA 15:12)

(Indian Ocean—Phytoplankton)

SUKHANOVA, I.N.

Tropical phytoplankton of the Indian Ocean. Dokl. AN SSSR
142 no.5:1162-1164 F '62. (MIRA 15:2)

7. Institut okeanologii AN SSSR. Predstavleno akademikom
A.L.Kursanovym.

(Indian Ocean—Phytoplankton)

SUKHANOVA, I. V.: Master Biol Sci (diss) -- "Some biological and forestry aspects of early and late strains of English oak in Kamensk Oblast". Moscow, 1958. 19 pp (Inst of Forestry Acad Sci USSR), 150 copies (KL, No 5, 1959, 147)

Synthesis of Halogen Esters of
Orthotitanic Acid

88186

S/079/61/031/001/020/025
B001/B066

preparative importance. The experiments were carried out under exclusion of atmospheric moisture and with carefully dried reagents. The following compounds were synthesized: ethoxy titanium trichloride, diethoxy titanium dichloride, butoxy titanium trichloride, and isopropoxy titanium trichloride. There are 1 table and 7 references: 7 Soviet, 3 British, 1 US, and 1 Indian.

ASSOCIATION: Vsesoyuznyy elektrotekhnicheskiy institut imeni V. I. Lenina
(All-Union Electrotechnical Institute imeni V. I. Lenin)

SUBMITTED: February 15, 1960

Card 2/2

5 3700

27909
S/079/61/031/010/009/010
D228/D302

AUTHORS: Andrianov, K.A., Astakhin, V.V., Kochkin, D.A., and
Sukhanova, I.V.

TITLE: Reaction of hexamethyldisilazane with the halides
of aluminum and titanium

PERIODICAL: Zhurnal obshchey khimii, v. 31, no. 10, 1961,
3410-3411

TEXT: Previous work has shown the possibility of obtaining chloro-
silane from aminosilane and HCl, so the authors studied and devised
a method of synthesizing trimethylchloro-, trimethylbromo- and
trimethyliodosilane in accordance with the scheme:



Card 1/2

SUKHANOVA, I.V.

Session of the Presidium of the Academy of Sciences of the U.S.S.R.
dedicated to the problem of molecular biology held on May 11, 1962.
Izv.AN SSSR.Ser.biol. no.5:806-809 S-O '62. (MIRA 15:10)
(MOLECULAR BIOLOGY)

S/062/62/000/008/012/016
B117/B180

AUTHORS: Andrianov, K. A., Astakhin, V. V., and Sukhanova, I. V.
TITLE: Reaction of alkyl-phenyl-amino silanes with boric acid,
phosphoric acid and glycols
PERIODICAL: Akademiya nauk SSSR. Izvestiya. Otdeleniye khimicheskikh
nauk, no. 8, 1962, 1478-1479

TEXT: Trialkyl-phenyl-amino silanes were found to react easily with
boric and ortho-phosphoric acid, giving organo-silicon esters. With
ortho-phosphoric acid and boric acid respectively the following were
obtained: tris-(triethyl-silyl) phosphate, b.p. 180°C (4 mm Hg);
 n_D^{20} 1.4400; d_4^{20} 0.9700; 70% yield; tris-borate, b.p. 157-160°C (5 mm Hg);
 n_D^{20} 1.4372; d_4^{20} 0.8946; 95% yield. It was also found that dialkyl-diphenyl-
amino silanes give cyclic dialkyl silane diol esters with glycols. 2,2-
dimethyl-1,3-dioxo-2-sila cycloheptane: ✓

Card 1/2

S/079/62/032/005/005/009
D204/D307

AUTHORS: Andrianov, K.A., Astakhin, V.V., and Sukhanova, I.V.

TITLE: The reaction of alkyl (aryl) diacetoxysilanes with alkyl orthotitanates

PERIODICAL: Zhurnal obshchey khimii, v. 32, no. 5, 1962, 1637-1638

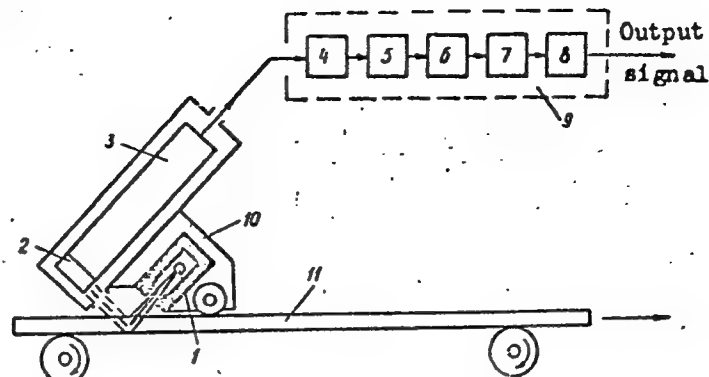
TEXT: The interactions of $(EtO)_4Ti$ with $Me_2Si(OCOCH_3)_3$ and with $Me_2Si(OCOCH_3)_2$ and of $(BuO)_4Ti$ with $Me_2Si(OCOCH_3)_2$ were studied, taking the reagents in molar proportions. The products consisted of alkyl acetates, alkyl (aryl) dialkoxysilanes (I) and polymers soluble in alcohol, benzene and toluene. The formation of I is ascribed to the reaction $\Rightarrow TiOR + \Rightarrow SiOCOCH_3 \rightarrow \Rightarrow TiOCOCH_3 + \Rightarrow SiOR$, where R = Et or Bu.

ASSOCIATION: Institut elementoorganicheskikh soyedineniy i vsesoyuznyy elektrotekhnicheskiy institut imeni Lenina (Institute of Elemental Organic Compounds and All-Union Elec-

Card 1/2

ACC NR: AT7001709

Fig. 1. Arrangement of radioisotopic thickness gauge with spatial separation of scattered and primary γ radiation. 1 - Co^{60} ; 2 - NaI(Tl) scintillation crystal; 3 - photo-multiplier; 4 - logarithmic amplifier; 5 - normalizer; 6 - intensity gauge; 7 - comparison circuit; 8 - output relay-signal device; 9 - electronic block; 10 - pickup; 11 - measured material.



because of the greater intensity of the scattered radiation, and simpler construction. A model of the radioisotope thickness gauge based on this method was prepared at the Electrophysics Laboratory of the Physicotechnical Department of the Ural Polytechnic Institute and used in a nonferrous rolling mill. The production tests confirmed the advantages of the new method. Orig. art. has: 3 figures and 1 formula.

SUB CODE: ¹⁸20, 14/ SUBM DATE: 00/ ORIG REF: 004

Card 2/2

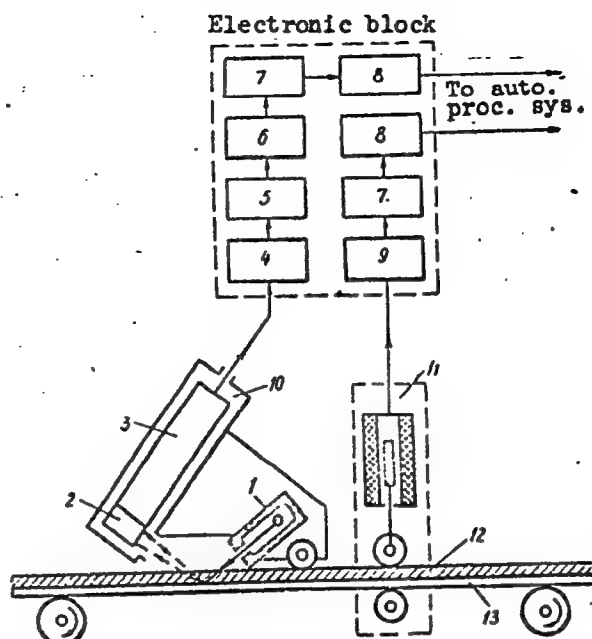
ACC NR: AT7001710

Fig. 1. Diagram of instrument for automatic monitoring of the total thickness of rolled bimetal sheet and the thickness of its steel base. 1 - Co^{60} source; 2 - NaI(Tl) scintillation crystal; 3 - photomultiplier; 4 - logarithmic amplifier; 5 - normalizer; 6 - intensity meter; 7 - comparison unit; 8 - relay-signal output unit; 9 - phase sensitive rectifier; 10 - radiisotopic pickup; 11 - inductive pickup; 12 - steel base of sheet; 13 - aluminum cladding of sheet.

metal in the range 2.8 - 6.2 mm, for strips up to 300 mm wide and 2000 mm long. The tolerance is ± 0.2 mm. Orig. art. has: 1 figure.

18,
SUB CODE: 20, 14/ SUBM DATE: 00

ORIG REF: 006



Card 2/2

SUKHANOVA, K. M.

25490 SUKHANOVA, K. M. Nablyudeniya nad kulbturami Opalina ranarum in vitro. Uchen
zapiski. (Leningr. Gos. ped. in-t im (ertsena), t. LXX, 1948, S 145-52. -
bibliogr: 8 nazv.

SO: Letopis' Zhurnal Statey, No. 30, Moscow, 1948

Schmidtova, A. M.

Infusoria

In vitro observations of cultures of *Opalina ranarum*. Uch.zap.Ped.inst.Gerts. 70, 1948.

Monthly List of Russian Accessions, Library of Congress, June 1952. Unclassified.

SUEZHAN'VA, K.M.
25190

Nablyudeniya Nad Kulbturami Opalina Ranarum in Vitro. Uchen. Zapiski
(Leningr. Gos. Ped. in-t im ertsena), T. LXX, 1948, s. 115-52
—Bibliogr: 8 Nazv.

SO: LETOPIS NO. 30, 1948

SUKHANOVA, K.M.

Conditions of cyst formation in *Balantidium elongatum* Stein.
Uch.zap.Ped.inst.Gerts. 110:141-149 '55. (MLRA 9:7)
(*Balantidium*)

SURHANOVA, K. M.

"On the Nature of Adaptive Changes in the Life Cycles of Parasitic Protozoa in Amphibians."

Tenth Conference on Parasitological Problems and Diseases with Natural Reservoirs, 22-29 October 1959, Vol. II, Publishing House of Academy of Sciences, USSR, Moscow-Leningrad, 1959.

Institute of Cytology, USSR Academy of Sciences, Leningrad

SUKHANOVA, K.M.

Cytophysiological characteristics of *Protoopalina caudata* Zeller.
TSitologiya 1 no.3:333-340 My-Je '59. (MIRA 12:10)

1. Laboratoriya tsitologii odnokletochnykh organizmov Instituta
tsitologii AN SSSR, Leningrad.
(INFUSORIA)

SUKHANOVA, K.M.

Thermal adaptations in protozoans parasitic in amphibians; variation of heat resistance in opalinids and intestinal infusorians depending on different hosts. TSitologiya 1 no.5:587-600 S-O '59.

(MIRA 13:2)

1. Laboratoriya tsitologii odnokletochnykh organizmov Instituta tsitologii AN SSSR, Leningrad.

(PARASITES--AMPHIBIA) (TEMPERATURE--PHYSIOLOGICAL EFFECT)
(INFUSORIA)

SUKHANOVA, K. N.

"Cytochemical Investigation of the Life Cycles of Certain Species of
Parasitic Protozoa of Amphibians."

report submitted for the First Conference on the problems of Cyto and
Histochemistry, Moscow, 19-21 Dec 1960.

Laboratory of the Cytology of One-Celled Organisms of the Institute of Cytology,
Academy of Sciences USSR, Leningrad.

SUKHANOVA, K.M.

Materials on the thermostability of cysts of parasitic protozoa of
amphibia. TSitologiya 2 no.2:219-226 Mr-Apr '60. (MIRA 14:5)

1. Laboratoriya tsitologii odnokletochnykh organizmov Instituta
tsitologii AN SSSR, Leningrad.
(PROTOZOA) (PARASITES--AMPHIBIA)

SUKHANOVA, K.M.

Specific features of the morphology and the life cycle of
Protoopalina canevi sp.n. Dokl.AN SSSR 132 no.6:1465-1467
Je '60. (MIRA 13:6)

1. Institut tsitologii Akademii nauk SSSR. Predstavleno
akademikom Ye. N. Pavlovskim.

(KANEV REGION--PROTOZOA, PATHOGENIC)
(PARASITES--TOADS)

SUKHANOVA, K.M., POLYANSKIY, G.I.

"Experimental Study of the Thermal Adaptation of Free Living and Parasitic Protozoa."

Report presented at the 1st International Conference on Protozoology,
Prague, 22-31 Aug 1961.

SUKHANOVA, K.M.

Morphological and cytochemical study of *Protoopalina intestinalis*.
TSitologiya 3 no.5:577-585 S-O '61. (MIRA 14:10)

1. Laboratoriya tsitologii odnokletochlykh organizmov Instituta
tsitologii AN SSSR, Leningrad.
(CILIATA)

SUKHANOVA, K.M.

Temperature adaptations in parasitic protozoans from the common
frog (*Rana temporaria*.) and the lake frog (*Rana ridibunda* Pall.).
Dokl. AN SSSR 139 no.1:252-255 J1 '61. (MIRA 14:7)

1. Institut tsitologii AN SSSR. Predstavleno akademikom
Ye.N. Pavlovskim.

(Protozoa, Pathogenic) (Parasites--Frogs)
(Temperature--Physiological effect)

POLYANSKIY, Yuriy Ivanovich, prof.; SUKHANOVA, K.M., nauchnyy red.;
VOROB'YEV, G.S., red. 1zd-va; GURDZHIYEVA, A.M., tekhn. red.

[The complex within the simple; on the complexity of the organization of the simplest organisms] Slozhnoe v prostom; o vysote organizatsii prosteishikh. Leningrad, Ob-vo po rasprostraneniui polit.i nauchn. znaniu RSFSR, 1962. 45 p. (MIRA 16:1)
(Protozoa)

2
POLYANSKIY, Yu. I., SUKHANOVA, K. M. and IRLINA, I. S.

"Temperature Adaptations of Free-Living and Parasitic Protozoans."
pp. 62

Institute of Cytology AS USSR Laboratory of Cytology of Unicellular
Organisms

II Nauchnaya Konferentsiya Instituta Tsitologii AN SSSR. Tezisy Dokladov
(Second Scientific Conference of the Institute of Cytology of the Academy
of Sciences USSR, Abstracts of Reports), Leningrad, 1962 88 pp.

JPRS 20,634

SUKHANOVA, K.M.

Temperature adaptations in *Opalina ranarum* during its yearly
life cycle. Tsitologiya 4 no.6:644-651 N-D'62 (MIRA 17:3)

Institute of cytology and genetics of the USSR Academy of Sciences
Leningrad.

SUKHANOVA, K.M.

Temperature adaptations of endoparasitic protozoa from some
species of poikilothermic animals. Zool. zhur. 41 no.9:
1306-1316 S '62. (MIRA 15:11)

1. Institut tsitologii AN SSSR, Leningrad.
(Protozoa) (Adaptation (Biology))
(Parasites--Animals, Cold-blooded)

SUKHANOVA, K.M.

Study of temperature adaptations and morphological characteristics
of some Astomata species from the oligochetes of Eastern
Murman. Sbor. rab. Inst. tsit. no. 3:75-91 '63. (MIRA 17:7)

1. Laboratoriya tsitologii odnokletochnykh organizmov
Instituta tsitologii AN SSSR.

SMIRNOVA, K.M.; SUKHANOVA, N.P.

Effect of pure and mixed pine plantations on the dynamics of the
composition of lysimeter waters. Pochvovedenie no.10:56-66 C '64.
(MIPA 17:11)

1. Moskovskiy gosudarstvennyy universitet imeni Lomonosova.

SETHANOVA, K. M.

"Experimental investigation of Temperature adaptations in endoparasitic Protozoa of some Poikilotnemic animals."

report submitted for 1st Intl Cong, Parasitology, Rome, 21-26 Sep 1964.

Inst of Cytology, Prospekt Maklina 32, Leningrad F-121.

POLOVINA, G. [Polynskiy, V.]; SOUKHOMOVA, A.M. [Sukhomova, A.M.]

Temperature adaptation of free-living and endoparasitic
insects. Biol. zh. 11 no.2:57-68 1966.

1. Institute of Cytology, Academy of Sciences of the
U.S.S.R., Leningrad.

TROSHIN, A.S., *otv. red.*; ARRONET, N.I., *red.*; BEYYER, T.V., *red.*;
ZHIRMUNSKIY, A.V., *red.*; KUSAKINA, A.A., *red.*; PROSSER,
K.L., *red.*; LOZINA-LOZINSKIY, L.K., *red.*; POLYANSKIY,
Yu.I., *red.*; SUKHANOVA, K.M., *red.*; USHAKOV, B.P., *red.*;
FEL'DMAN, N.L., *red.*; ALEKSANDROV, V.Ya., *red.*

[Cell and the temperature of the medium; transactions]
Kletka i temperatura sredy; trudy. Moskva, Nauka, 1964. 303 p.
(MIRA 18:1)

1. International Symposium on Cytoecology, Leningrad, 1963.
2. Institut tsitologii AN SSSR, Leningrad (for Troshin, Arronet).
3. Laboratoriya kosmicheskoy biologii Instituta tsitologii AN SSSR, Leningrad (for Lozina-Lozinskiy).
4. Laboratoriya tsitofiziologii i tsitoekologii Botanicheskogo instituta im. V.L.Komarova AN SSSR, Leningrad (for Aleksandrov).
5. Laboratoriya sravnitel'noy tsitologii Instituta tsitologii AN SSSR, Leningrad (for Zhirmunskiy, Kusakina, Ushakov).
6. Laboratoriya tsitologii odnokletochnykh organizmov Instituta tsitologii AN SSSR, Leningrad (for Sukhanova).
7. Botanicheskiy institut imeni V.L.Komarova AN SSSR, Leningrad (for Arronet).

[illegible]

localization. The following is a list of the localities.
 Thilologia 5 miles from the center. (MIRA 18:5)

L. I. Laboratoriya po izyucheniyu razvitiya organizmov Instituta
tsitologii i genetiky, 1936-1938.

SUKHANOVA, K.M.; NILOVA, V.K.

Synthesis of nucleic acids in the kinetosomes of *Opalina*
ranarum. TSitologiya 7 no.3:431-436 My-Je '65.

(MIRA 18:10)

1. Laboratoriya morfologii kletki i laboratoriya tsitologii
odnokletochnykh organizmov Instituta tsitologii AN SSSR,
Leningrad.

SUKHANOVA, K.M.

Effect of hormonal factors on the life cycle and temperature adaptations of some endoparasitic protozoa to arthropods.
Sbor.rab. Inst. tsit. no.290-105 '65.

(MIR 15/12)

1. Laboratoriya tsitologii odnokletochnykh organizmov
Instituta tsitologii AN SSSR, Leningrad.

SUKHANOVA, L. S.

We are opening up and using our reserves. Elek. i tepl. tiaga 14
no. 3:6-7 Mr '60. (MIRA 13:7)

1. Nachal'nik 2-go uchastka energosnabzheniya Yushno-Ural'skoy
dorogi, Zlatoust.

(Electric railroads--Management)